Revised National Tuberculosis Control Programme

Background:

India accounted for 27 per cent of the world’s total TB cases in 2017 as per the WHO’s Global TB Report 2018. In terms of incidence, i.e., number of cases per lakh population, India ranks 35th in the world.

Details:

There is no such classification of high risk states under Revised National Tuberculosis Control Programme (RNTCP).

Drug Sensitive Tuberculosis (DSTB) services

Drug Resistant Tuberculosis (DRTB) services (diagnostic and treatment)

TB Co-morbidities

Infrastructure

Human Resource

Finance

Drugs & Supply chain management

Medical colleges’ contribution

Supervision & monitoring

The Ministry has developed the National Strategic Plan (NSP) for Tuberculosis (2017-2025) with the goal of ending TB by 2025.

Focus areas of the NSP:

Early diagnosis of all the TB patients, prompt treatment with quality assured drugs and treatment regimens along with suitable patient support systems to promote adherence.

Engaging with the patients seeking care in the private sector.

Prevention strategies including active case finding and contact tracing in high risk / vulnerable population

Airborne infection control.
Multi-sectoral response for addressing social determinants.

**Nikshay Poshan Yojana (NPY)**

- This is a Direct Benefit Transfer (DBT) scheme.
- Introduced in April 2018 by Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (MOHFW).
- It provides support worth **Rs 500/- per month** for the duration of treatment to TB patient.